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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/821,195	09/821,195 03/29/2001		Timothy C. Loose		47079-00086 4522		
30223	7590	02/26/2003					
JENKENS & GILCHRIST, P.C. 225 WEST WASHINGTON					EXAMINER		
SUITE 2600		,			WHITE, CARMEN D		
CHICAGO, 1	L 60606	•			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
					3714		
				1	DATE MAILED: 02/26/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No. Applicant(s)						
Office Action Summary	09/821,195	LOOSE ET AL.					
omce Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
The MAU INC DATE AND	Carmen D. White	3714					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>10 D</u>	December 2002 .						
0-157	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prospection as to the condition							
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)∐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)∏ approved b)∏ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign p	oriority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents i	have been received.						
Certified copies of the priority documents I	have been received in Applicatio	n No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) U The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received							
Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) Other:							
Patent and Trademark Office O-326 (Rev. 04-01)							

<u>M.</u>K

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

See the attachment titled "Recent Statutory Changes to 35 U.S.C. § 102(e)" for the current language that constitutes a rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e).

Claims 1-2 and 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by **Moody** et al (6,419,578).

Regarding claims 1-2 and 6-8, Moody teaches a gaming machine controlled by a processor in response to a wager that comprises a display including a video portion and a non-video portion; and a unitary touch screen overlapping both the video portion and the non-video portion, said video portion including player-selectable first indicia selectable via the touch screen and said non-video portion including player-selectable second indicia selectable via said touch screen (Fig. 1, #20, #47, 326, and #28; col. 3, lines 23-32).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Moody** et al.

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Regarding claims 3-5, Moody teaches all the limitations of the claims, Moody is silent regarding the features of the non-video portion containing artwork and the illumination of lights behind the artwork to indicate active indicia. The examiner takes official notice that it is well known in gaming machines to include art work that exhibits the name and characters that are used in the gaming. Further the examiner takes official notice that it is well known in the art to illuminate buttons and indicia in slot video machines. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to employ these features in Moody to entice the player to begin and continue play of the gaming machine. This increases the player's enthusiasm for playing the game.

Examiner's Response to Applicant's Remarks

Applicant argues that Moody does not teach a touch screen for video and non-video portions of a gaming machine display. Applicant recites a portion of column 3 to prove this point. However, the examiner disagrees with Applicant. Moody clearly teaches a video portion (see Fig. 4) that includes the card indicia and buttons located on the display that are non-video (in that they are merely buttons with words on them that allow touch screen input for BET and DRAW functions- See Fig. 1, #47 and #26).

The gaming machine of Moody (see Fig. 1) is similar to Applicant's gaming machine (Fig. 1), in which both have a video gaming portion on top and non-video buttons to control the video gaming beneath the video portion all overlapped by a touch screen to allow convenient input.

Applicant's claim language is extremely broad. Applicant has not included any language in the claims to distinguish what Applicant means by video and non-video- in order to distinguish the prior art of record from the instant claimed invention. From what the examiner has ascertained from the instant disclosure, the gaming machine of Moody (see Fig. 1) is similar to Applicant's gaming machine (Fig. 1), in which both have a video gaming portion on top and non-video buttons to control the video gaming that are located beneath the video portion. Further, both non-video and video portions are overlapped by a single touch screen to allow for convenient input.

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The examiner takes official notice that the use of touch screens for video and non-video input is well known in the art.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

USPTO Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Carmen D. White whose telephone number is 703-308-5275. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Hughes can be reached on 703-308-1806. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-7768 for Non-official communications and 703-305-3579 for Official communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1078.

JOW cdw

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700

Recent Statutory Changes to 35 U.S.C. § 102(e)

On November 2, 2002, President Bush signed the 21st Century Department of Justice Appropriations Authorization Act (H.R. 2215) (Pub. L. 107-273, 116 Stat. 1758 (2002)), which further amended 35 U.S.C. § 102(e), as revised by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) (Pub. L. 106-113, 113 Stat. 1501 (1999)). The revised provisions in 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) are completely retroactive and effective immediately for all applications being examined or patents being reexamined. Until all of the Office's automated systems are updated to reflect the revised statute, citation to the revised statute in Office actions is provided by this attachment. This attachment also substitutes for any citation of the text of 35 U.S.C. § 102(e), if made, in the attached Office action.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 102 in view of the AIPA and H.R. 2215 that forms the basis for the rejections under this section made in the attached Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

35 U.S.C. § 102(e), as revised by the AIPA and H.R. 2215, applies to all qualifying references, except when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. For such patents, the prior art date is determined under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as it existed prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. § 102(e)).

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 102 prior to the amendment by the AIPA that forms the basis for the rejections under this section made in the attached Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

For more information on revised 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) visit the USPTO website at www.uspto.gov or call the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (703) 305-1622.